



## Assignment (2)

**Due Date: 10/5/2016**

- 1- Using the power method and the inverse power method find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors for Matrix A:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 2- Employ Hotelling's method to find all the Eigen values and Eigen vectors for Matrix B:  
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
- 3- For the equation:  $f(x) = 10 + 20x - 42x^2 + 33x^3 - 9x^4 + x^5$ 
  - i. Determine all the roots graphically.
  - ii. Use bisection and false position methods to determine the root to  $\epsilon_a = 10\%$ .  
Employ initial guesses of  $x_l = 0.5$  and  $x_u = 1$ .
- 4- Determine the positive real root of  $\ln(x^4) = 0.7$ :
  - i. Analytically.
  - ii. Graphically.
  - iii. Using three iterations of the false-position and bisection methods with initial guesses of 0.5 and 2. Compute the approximate error  $\epsilon_a$  and the true error  $\epsilon_t$  after each iteration. Comment on the results.
- 5- Determine a root of  $f(x) = -x^2 + 1.8x + 2.5$ :
  - i. Graphically.
  - ii. Fixed-point iteration method.
  - iii. Newton-Raphson method.  
Use  $x_0 = 5$ , perform computations until  $\epsilon_a$  is less than 0.05%.
- 6- Locate the first positive root of  $f(x) = \sin x + \cos(1 + x^2) - 1$  using four iterations of the Secant method with initial guesses:
  - i.  $x_0 = 1.0$  and  $x_1 = 3.0$ .
  - ii.  $x_0 = 1.5$  and  $x_1 = 2.5$ .
  - iii.  $x_0 = 1.5$  and  $x_1 = 2.25$ .Use the graphical method to explain your results.



- 7- Determine the real root of  $x^{3.5} = 80$ , with the modified secant method to within  $\epsilon_a = 0.1\%$  using an initial guess of  $x_0 = 3.5$  and  $\delta = 0.01$ .
- 8- Determine the roots of the following simultaneous nonlinear equations using (i) fixed-point iteration and (ii) the Newton-Raphson method:

$$y = x^2 + 1$$

$$y = 2 \cos x$$

Use a graphical approach to obtain initial guesses.